

remission system under rule 305, the order of temporary removal shall state specific period for which the prisoner has been so removed from the remission system.

(2) The Superintendent may, with previous sanction of the Inspector General, re-admit to the remission system any prisoner, who has been permanently removed there-from under rule 305 if his conduct in prison justifies it subsequently:

Provided that where, after the order of permanent removal from the remission system is made, the prisoner is transferred to another prison, the Superintendent of the prison, where the prisoner is transferred, shall submit his recommendation for restoring him to the benefits of remission system, to the Inspector General through the Superintendent who removed him from the remission system and such prisoner may be eligible for remission

from the commencement of the month next following the month of his re-admission to the remission system.

307. *Transfer of prisoners of the remission system.*— When the prisoners on the remission system are transferred to other prisons, the remission sheets, duly checked and attested by the Jailor, shall be sent to the prison where the prisoner has been transferred.

308. *Power of Inspector General to revoke remission.*— The Inspector General may, at any time, call for the record of the case regarding remission granted to a prisoner and if he is satisfied that any prisoner was granted remission without sufficient reasons, by order, revoke, in whole or in part any ordinary or special remission granted to such prisoner or remove him from the remission system for the period specified in the order.

## CHAPTER XVI

### Furlough and Parole

#### Furlough

309. *Sanctioning authority.*— The Inspector General shall, subject to these rules, be competent to grant furlough to convicted prisoners as hereinafter mentioned.

310. *When prisoner may be granted furlough.*— (1) The grant of furlough to the prisoners to be released on furlough, excepting the prisoners debarred for consideration under rule 313, shall be regulated as follows:—

Sentence	When due for first release on furlough	When due for second release	When due for subsequent release	Duration of furlough per year
(a) Not exceeding five years	On completion of one year of actual imprisonment to be counted from the date of admission to prison as convict.	After completion of six months of actual imprisonment to be counted from the date of his last return from furlough.	After completion of six months of actual imprisonment to be counted from the date of his last return from furlough.	21 days
(b) Exceeding five years but not more than 14 years	On completion of two years of actual imprisonment to be counted from the date of admission to prison as convict.	After completion of one year of actual imprisonment to be counted from the date of his last return from furlough.	After completion of six months of actual imprisonment to be counted from the date of his last return from furlough.	21 days during the first five years of confinement and 28 days for the rest of term.
(c) Prisoners sentenced to life imprisonment exceeding 14 years.	On completion of three years of actual imprisonment to be counted from the date of admission to prison as convict.	After completion of one year of actual imprisonment to be counted from the date of his last return from furlough.	After completion of six months of actual imprisonment to be counted from the date of his last return from furlough.	21 days during the first five years of confinement and 28 days for the rest of term.

(2) The period of imprisonment in this rule includes the sentence or sentences awarded in lieu of fine in case the amount of fine is not paid:

Provided that if fine is paid during the period of imprisonment and the total sentence thereby reduces to a term not exceeding 5 years, he shall thereafter be eligible for release every year in accordance with sub-rule (1)(a) instead of every two years under sub-rule (1)(b).

(3) For the purposes of this rule, the period of imprisonment shall be computed as the total period for which a prisoner is sentenced even though one or more sentences are concurrent.

(4) If at any time, a prisoner who could have been granted furlough is either not granted or is not released in time, the period for which he could have been granted the furlough shall not be carried forward but shall lapse.